# THE RUGBY GAZETTE



# AND EAST TENNESSEE NEWS.

VOL. VI.---NO. 19.

RUGBY, MORGAN COUNTY, TENN., SATURDAY, MAY 8, 1886.

WHOLE NUMBER, 237.

# Farming

ON THE

# BOARD OF AID ESTATE

# CUMBERLAND PLATEAU.

#### COMPARATIVE ELEVATION.

#### HEALTH AND CLIMATE.

All health seekers, whether from Northern er Southern States, should try the climate of the Tableland. The recent United States Census shows it to be almost the only district east of the Rocky Mountains entirely free from malarial, pulmonary and intestinal diseases.

The Plateau has a double climate, one resulting from latitude and the other from elevation. The air is pure and invigorating. The water is freestone; cool and sparkling. Mineral springs are numerous. eral springs are numerous.

The mean summer temperature is 72 deg. Fahr., and in winter 37 deg. Fahr. The nig tare always cool and refreshing.

The whole of the Cumberland Pleteau is underlaid by coal. The upper measures only have as yet been worked. These outcrop on the eastern portion of the Board's estate and are being successfully worked at several points along the C. S. R. R. The lower measures have been opened by test workings only, and show a five foot vein which extends under the whole tract at a depth, at Rugby, of about 400 feet.

The district is also underlaid by the oil bearing sands and limestones of the lower carboniferous system. And these beds on their western outcrop show unmistakable evidences of netrolaum.

of petroleum.

At Rugby Road there is an excellent deposit of potter's clay. Samples have been tested with very satisfactory results.

The whole country is heavily timbered. The principal varieties are Pines—white, yellow and black; Oaks—white, black, chestnut, red, spotted and post; Hickory, Maple, Chestnut and Dogwood. The Board of Aids' steam saw mill affords opportunities for rapidly converting this timber into marketable lumber.

The soil is sandy loam upon a mulatto clay subsoil. It is light, friable, holds meaure, is the cultivated and responds readily and generously to the least fertilizer.

### . CROPS AND CRASSES.

Cern, wheat, rye, cats, and barley all grow well, though this is not claimed as a arain growing soil. Tobacco is a profitable crop here, as also is sorghum. Herd grass, orchard grass, German and pearl millet, timothy and red clover have all been tried, and take hold and root well. Kentucky blue grass also thrives wherever introduced. The natural pasturage is abundant.

Grew abundantly. Cabbage, onions, beans, sweet and Irish patatoes all make a fine return. The Irish potatoes are unexcelled by any grown in America. Sweet potatoes and onions yield 500 bushels per acre.

### FRUIT AND GRAPE CULTURE.

This region is especially adapted to fruit, and particularly to the winter apple and the grape. The apple crop here has never been known to fail. The trees are healthy, and the fruit smooth, plump, juicy and firm, rarely ever specking or rotting. The grape finds all the conditions requeste to the highest success. The vines are vigorous, robust, free from mildew and rot. The best wine varieties have succeeded admirably, and the wines made from them are excellent in quality and in good demand. These two fruits are destined to become the great and staple products of the Table-land, and will undoubtedly yield larger returns than any other crops now cultivated.

Strawberries, blackberries, raspberries, currants, cherries, plums, and nearly all the small fruits thrive and bear prolifically.

### STOCK AND SHEEP RAISING.

The excellent natural pasturage, good drainage, abundance of running water and free dom from flies make these occupations eminently suitable and remunerative.

Stop feeding stock for eight months in the year. Come South, where you can buy cheap lands, work out-doors all the winter, and turn your stock into the woods most of the year.

### EDUCATION.

Rugby has an excellent primary public school. It occupies the ground floor of the Church building, and is in every respect well appointed. It is open all the year and gives a free education. A school for boys, which will be affiliated to the University of the South and afford a preparatory collegiate education, is in course of organization.

The free school system of the State provides a school term of five months, in every

TITLES. The titles are among the oldest and best in Tennessee, and have been thoroughly investigated and perfected.

The Board of Aid Estate centrally situated on this plateau, consists of 35,000 acres of razing, farming, fruit raising and vine growing lands.

#### M Shirts Ten Miles of Frontage on the Cincinnati Southern Railroad, With Four Depots Located on it.

The lands enumerated below are being offered in tracts suitable to all purchasers, as the figures and with deferred payments.

Board lands on the Cin. So. R. R., west of Gien Mary Station. About 3,000 acres of very Board lands on the Cin. So. R. R., is here laid out in 100 acre farms. No farm is more than three miles from either Sunbright or Gien Mary Depots; to the latter are adjamore than three miles from either Sunbright or Gien Mary Depots; to the latter are adjamore than three miles from either Sunbright or Gien Mary Depots; to the latter are adjamore than the Crooke Coal Mines, employing 200 men and with an out-put of twelve car loads per cent the Crooke Coal Mines, employing 200 men and with an out-put of twelve car loads per cent the Crooke Coal Mines, four passenger and four freight daily. Good and ready makets, with best shipping facilities for either agricultural produce or timber and tan-bark.

With best shipping facilities for either agricultural produce or timber and tan-bark.

Also several fine tracts of land frenting and lying on the east side of the C. S. R. B., and half a mile south of Gien Mary.

Board lands on the Cin. So. R. R., west of Sunbright. These lands lie directly south of the Board lands on the Cin. So. R. R., west of Sunbright, with 200 inhabitants, two hotels, above and are close to the thriving town of Sunbright, with 200 inhabitants, two hotels, Masonic Lodge, six stores and post-office. They are well watered and timbered, and have axcellent market, shipping and especially lumbering facilities.

Pounded in 1880 has many social advantages, viz., Two Good Hotels, Fine Church and School Building, Public Library with 6,000 volumes, Masonic Lodge, Drug Store, Large Combissary, and two other General Stores, Dairy, Livery Stable, Weekly Newspaper, Post Ofmissary, and two other General Stores, Dairy, Livery Stable, Weekly Newspaper, Post Ofmissary, and two other General Stores, Dairy, Livery Stable, Weekly Newspaper, Post Ofmissary, and two other General Stores, Dairy, Livery Stable, Weekly Newspaper, Post Ofmissary, and two other General Stores, Dairy, Livery Stable, Weekly Newspaper, Post Ofmissary, and two other General Stores, Dairy, Livery Stable, Weekly Newspaper, Post Ofmissary, and two other General Stores of Clear Fork River is beautifully laid out and picturesquely situated between the gorges of Clear Fork River and White Oak Creek. The streets are clean and dry, and invalids will find no difficulty in and White Oak Creek. The streets winter weather. They are bordered by, for the most part, taking exercise even in the worst winter weather. They are bordered by, for the most part, taking exercise even in the worst winter weather. They are bordered by, for the most part, taking exercise even in the worst will stable for vineyards.

The site of Bugby Road is laid out in tewn lots and the Board is prepared to offer liberal mousements to persons settling there for manufacturing or business purposes.

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### ROBERT WALTON,

Rugby, Morgan Co., Tens

#### BIRD DESTRUCTION.

Some Interesting Facts on the Subject.

The Number and Kind of the Feathered Tribe Killed to Satisfy the Demands of Fashion.

CINCINNATI, April 28.—Superintendent Todhunter, of the S. P. C. A., who has given considerable attention to the matter of bird destruction for ornamental purposes, gives the following startling facts relating to this subject: The decrease in song and shore birds has become so marked that it is attracting most general attention, and is becoming so generally discussed that it is evident that the wave of destruction, which has increased so rapidly of late years, has reached its limit, and must now quickly subside. Complaint is made that the English sparrow is driving out our native birds. A well-known ornithologist, who in person has investigated the subject the ground is authority for the statement that there has been in the last few years in the Southern Atlantic States statement that there has been in the last few years in the Southern Atlantic States a wholesale destruction of northern-breeding song birds, which resort to those States for a winter home. The destruction of 40,000 terns in a single season on Cape Cod and 1,000,000 rail and reed birds (bobolinks) killed in a single month near Philadelphia are facts that may well furnish food for reflection. A single dealer, in a three months' trip to the coast of South Carollina, last spring, prepared no less than 11,018 bird skins. A considerable number of the birds killed were, of course, too much mutilated for preparation, so that the total number of the slain aould be much greater than the number given. This man claims to handle thirty thousand skins per annum. In four months' time seventy thousand birds were supplied to New York dealers from a single village on Long Island. On Cobb's Island, Virginia, an enterprising woman from New York contracted with a Paris millinery firm to deliver during this summer forty thousand or more skins of birds at ferty cents apiece. Not long since a bird lover heard an agent of the millinery trade solicit a sportsman in Texas to procure for him the plumes of ten thousand white egrets. There were sold in a single suction store, in London during the four months ending April, 1885, 404,464 West Indian and Brazilian bird skins, 256,389 East Indian, besides thousands of Impeyan pheasants and birds ian birds skins, 256,899 East Indian, besides thousands of Impeyan pheasants and birds of paradise. The slaughter has extended to all parts of the world, and seems to in-clude every species of bird, great and small, land and water. There are in this country 50,000,000 inhabitants, one-half of whom, or 25,000,000, may be said to belong whom, or 25,000,000, may be said to belong to what some one has forcibly termed the "dead-bird wearing gender," of whom at least 10,000,000 are not only of the bird-wear-ing age, but, judging from what is seen on the streets, in public assemblages and public conveyances, also of bird-wearing proclinities. On many bets and bonnets proclivities. On many hats and bonnets parts of three, four or a half-dozen birds will be found. But suppose that each one of these 10,000,000 bird-wearers has but a single bird, and that these are made over so as to do service for more than a single season, even at this rate 5,000,000 birds must be sacrificed annually to supply what has been the fashionable demand in the United States.

# Of Interest to Horsemen.

NEW YORK, April 28.-The eleven caroads of trotting stock shipped by Senator Stanford from California on April 10 to Peter C. Kellogg & Co., have reached New York and are stabled at the American Institute Building. Three stops only were made for rest, the last at Council Bluffs. The special train followed the limited express closely, making passenger time, and ninety-seven horses arrived in good condition. Six died at Salt Lake City from colds taken in the mountains. This is said to be the largest shipment ever made so great a distance, and as the horses are chiefly the get of the celebrated California stallion Electioneer, out of noted mares, their arrival aroused great interest among horsemen and breeders.

### Kentucky Lynching.

LOUISVILLE, KY., April 28.-Merudy Jones, a notorious negro, was killed by a mob of citizens about midnight last night near Auburn, Ky. On Monday night Jones entered the room of two respectable young ladies and tried to chloroform them. He was discovered but made his escape. He was captured by officers, who were taking him to jail, when the mob seized Jones to hang him. He attempted to escape and was shot down. A. L. Gooch. a citizen, while remonstrating with the mob, received a severe pistol-shot wound.

### Terror-Stricken Landlords.

CRACOW, April 28:-The Galician landlords, panic-stricken by the news from the west of the province, are abandoning their estates and pouring into this city and Lemburg by hundreds. The peasants are rising in all directions, and it is feared that unless the agitation which began so strangely last week is promptly and sternly suppressed, there will be a repetition of the awful scenes of 1846. awful scenes of 1846.

### More Strikes.

DAYTON, O., April 28.-Forty girls, em ployed in the Cooper cotton factory, asked for advanced pay, which was granted. The boys struck for better wages, and they were discharged. Chicago, April 29.—Two hundred and seventy-five men in the R. Rothschild's furniture factory went out on a strike, the outcome of a similar strike in the Cincin-

# Startling Discovery in a Church.

INDIANAPOLIS, IND., April 28.-The new Tabernacle Presbyterian Church building, in progress of erection, will be thrown open to worshippers Sunday next, and the ladies met this afternoon to assist in appropriate decoration. To their horror they found the colored janitor, Isaac Brown, dead upon the floor. Examination disclosed that he died from heart disease.

# The Demonstration at Montgomery, Ala.

MONTGOMERY, ALA., April 29.-This city was the scene of a tremendous demonstration to-day. Flags were waving everywhere, and the crowds were immense. Streamers and banners bearing the names of prominent Confederate Generals were prominent. Jefferson Davis delivered au address on the Capitol grounds, near the spot where he took the oath of odless as President of the Confederate States in 1861, and referred very feelingly to the late war to which all his . marks were devoted. General Gordon's speech was at considerable length, and in it also he discussed

#### CONFEDRATE MONUMENT. Laying of the Corner-stone at Mont-

gomery, Ala.

MONTGOMERY, ALA., April 29.-The Capitol grounds at 11 o'clock to-day presented an animated scene. The whole hill-top and premises were covered with people, gathered to witness the laving of the cornerstone of the Confederate monument. The foundation of the monument only was ready, presenting a surface of thirty-five feet square. Near at hand stood the cornerstone, on which, in raised letters, was the inscription: "Corner-stone laid by ex-President Jefferson Davis, April 29, 1886." Opposite this was a large platform for the speakers. The procession formed in front of the Exchange Hotel. Mr. Davis, his daughter. ex-Gov-ernor Watts and Hon. H. C. Tompkins, Chairman of the Committe of Arrange-Chairman of the Committe of Arrangements, were in a carriage drawn by four white horses, each led by a negro in livery. The next carriage contained General and Mrs. Gordon, his daughter and Mrs and Clement C. Clay, and was survounded by survivors of the Sixth Alabama and other Confederate veterans. The procession was preceded by a cavalry and artillery escort, and was further made up of other local military, the uniform rank Knights of Pythias, Grand Commandery of Knights Templar, and Masonic bodies from different parts of the State. The demonstrations along the route were enthusiastic. strations along the route were enthusiastic. The ex-President, was cheered enthusiastically. He took his seat with the Committee of the Memorial Association, behind him Mrs. Goodwin, the Misses Davis and Gordon on his left and General Gordon on his right. Ex-Governor Watts, officers of the Sixth Alabama and others were on the platform. The Sixth Regiment was present also as The Sixth Regiment was present also, as were the trustees of the Soldiers Monument Association, Colonel W. L. Bragg, Mayor Reese, General W. W. Allen, Colonel Wm. R. Jones, Colonel W. W. Screws and Governor O'Neal. Before the services net Wm. R. Jones, Colonel W. W. Screws and Governor O'Neal. Before the services began Colonel Bragg presented Mr. Davis with an elegant basket of flowers from Major Boling Hall, who lives near this city, Major Hall is a descendant of Georgia's Lyman Hall. He was a noted opponent to secession, but had eight sons in the war, seven of whom gave their lives to the Confederacy, and the eighth carres lead in him as evidence of his devotion. An earnest prayer was offered by Rev. Andrew, of the M. E. Church. Mr. Davis was presented by Ex-Governor Watts, and the former made a brief speech, mainly reviewing the events of the late war. In conclusion he said: "Permit me to say that though the memory of our glorious past must ever be dear to us, duty points to the present and the future. Alabama having resumed her place in the Union, be it yours to fulfil all the obligations devolving upon all good citizens seeking to restore the General Government to its pristine purity, and as best you may promote the welfare and bauniness of your common country." as best you may promote the welfare and happiness of your common country." [Long upplause.] Mr. Davis then paid a glowing tribute to the love and devotion of the Southern women to the Confederate soldiers during the four years' conflict. Governor Watts then turned over the rest of the proceedings to the Grand Lodge of Masons, who laid the corner-stone accord-ing to Masonic rites. The first article deposited in the stone was a Confederate bat-

## BURIAL OF THE MANIAC.

The Husband, Under Guard of Two Men, Attends the Funeral of Mrs. Smith.

the Child-Brainer. PORT MONMOUTH, N. J., April 29.-The foneral of Mrs. Smith, the maniac murderess and suicide, who brained her four children, at Harmony, near this place on Friday last, took place this morning. Her remains were interred in the same grave with that of her baby girl, Edna, who was murdered by the insane mother. The heart-broken husband and father, guarded by two men, was al-lowed to attend the funeral He seemed not to realize the fact that his wife dead, and inquired several times for her. Before the mourners returned from the furgral of Mrs. Smith the thirteen-year-old boy, Rufus, whose head was split from the forehead to the back of the right ear, died, making the second victim of his mother's frenzied act. The physicians are now sanguine that the lives of the other two children will be saved.

### More Shooting at East St. Louis.

EAST St. Louis, ILL., April 29.-About six o'clock to-night a disturbance, which almost assumed the proportions of a riot, occurred in East St. Louis. A freighthandler named August Brondtoes and Belt Line Engineer John Gibson were walking along Missouri avenue, when they were suddenly attacked by four men. Both were knocked down and badly beaten with brass knuckles and billies. Gibson succeeded in drawing his revolver, and as the men fled he fired four elects two of the bullets passing through a shots, two of the bullets passing through a saloon across the street He did not bring saloon across the street. He did not bring down any thing. Several hundred people flocked around in a moment, and the militia were summoned to protect the wounded men. There were no arrests, but Gibson recognized two of the men who assaulted him as Tom Stanton and James

#### Ellis, strikers under indictment. Troops Pursuing the Apaches.

WASHINGTON, April 29.-The Adjutant General of the Army has received the following telegram from General Miles, dated at Tucson, Ariz.: "The Apaches in small at Tucson. Ariz.: "The Apaches in small numbers have been committing serious depredations in the country cast and adjacent to the Sonora railway, from thirty o one hundred and fifty miles south of the boundary, and to-day (April 27) killed one man north of the line, near Calabasis, Ariz. Our troops and thirty men of the Mexican troops, under Major Reis, have been in active pursuit, both crossing the line and following the raiding parties."

### Saturday Half Holiday.

ALBANY, N. Y., April 29. - The Governor signed Mr. Cantor's Saturday half holiday bill to-day. The standard gas bill became a law to day x thout the Governor's signa-ture, the time having expired.

### The Cincinnati End ion Trouble.

COLUMBUS, April 29.- The report made to the Ohio Senate to-day by the Repub ican section of the non-partisan investigating committee. makes a review of the evidence of 550 witnesses, and an inquiry con-uning forty-five days, and concludes that the four Republican candidates were elected by majorities ranging from RS2 to 1498, and are entitled to seats. The Democratic members of the committee, on the other hand, throw out precincts which are reorder for next Wednesday.

### THE SENTIMENT.

How the Montgomery Demonstration is Regarded.

Favorable and Unfavorable Comments on the Speech and Reception of Jefferson Davis.

COLUMBUS, O., April 30.-The demonstration in honor of Jefferson Davis, and his utterances at the Montgomery (Ala.) demonstration, have been the subject of severe criticism here to-day. The Times (Dem.) headlines the indignation meeting of Soldiers at Albany, last night, as follows, but says nothing editorially: "Wanted, at Albany, a fool-killer, with his club, and wanted quick. The Empire Capital advertises itself the biggest fool of the season. Ready to declare war on the South." The Dispatch (Independent) this evening thinks the demonstration at Montgomers all right but condemns the Declaration of the condemns all right but condemns the Declaration of the condemns all right but condemns the gomery all right, but condemns Jeff Davis' utterances. The State Journal (Republican) will say to-morrow that it is hard to tell whether the demonstration at Mont-

gomery is the funeral of the Confederacy or an attempt at its resurrection, and that it appears too lively for a funeral.

Washington, April 30.—The reception given the ex-President of the Confederacy at Alabama's capital was the general topic of conversation among members of Congress, and with few exceptions were there any comments favorable to Mr. Davis allowing himself to be the the object of so great prominence. General Singleton, of Mississippi, said: "It is not within the power of the people of the South to keep Jefferson Davis caged, and prevent his being honored by those who made him their leader in 1861. It is natural that he should be given the ovation that he was, but if he says things unpatriotic in his address he should be hung before he leaves town. It may be the means of starting the Republican press at the North in saying that the South is still in rebellion, and the Confederate flag is floating from the staff of every building." "The ovation means but one thing." t appears too lively for a funeral. is floating from the staff of every building." "The ovation means but one thing," said another prominent Southerner. "It is to commemorate the brave and heroic dead of the South, and it was but fit that Mr. Davis should deliver the address. He has outlived all his enemies, and in his declining years he can do the country neither harm nor good. He asks nothing from the Government, and is but a private citizen." Vicksburg, Miss. April 30 Comment. Vicksburg, Miss., April 30.—Commenting on the Montgomery celebration the Vicksburg Commercial Herald, the leading Democratic morning paper of the State, says: "Mr. Jefferson Davis is not of the new South. He is of the old South. He said things at Montgomery that would have been better unsaid. and did not say things he, of all men, ought to have said."

### Saved the Hangman a Job.

Hubson, N. Y., April 30.-Guiseppe Scoma, the Italian convicted yesterday of the murder of Antonio Rocco, at the Jones Quarry, this city, and sentenced to be executed on June 4 next, committed snicide in his cell at 10 o'clock last night by strangu-lation. When conducted from the courtroom to his cell a bottle of poison was found upon his person concealed in a found upon his person concealed in a paper of smoking tobacco. Four hours afterwards he was found hang ng in his cell dead. He used a small cord which he had worn about his waist to hold his trousers up. He had threatened self-destruction frequently.

### The Oleomargarine Bill.

WASHINGTON, April 30 .- By the new bill in Congress regulating the manufacture and sale of oleomargarine, manufacturers are required to pay a special tax of \$600, wholesale dealers \$480 and retail dealers \$48. Tax-paid stamps are to be affixed to packages containing eleomargarine Manufacturers of domestic oleomargarine shall pay a tax of ten cents per pound, and on the imported article, in addition to the duty, there shall be imposed a tax of fifteen cents per pound.

### More Murderers Sentenced.

FORT SMITH, ARK., April 30 .- Four more Indian Territory murderers have received their death sentences, and unless the President interferes will be hanged July 23. They are Blue Duck, a Cherokee convict, murderer of a white man named Wyrick, June, 1884; Kit Ross, white, who killed Davies, also white, last December; Calvin James, negro, who killed Tony Love, ne-gro, in Chickasaw Nation, July last; Lin-coln Sprolla, white, who killed Clark and his father, also white, in Chickasaw, last

### Badly Burned.

CAIRO, ILL., April 30.-A singular accident occurred at the Singer works to-day. A damper in the chimney of the furnace turned suddenly, shutting off the draft, and causing flames to puff out of the fur-nace doors. Tress Brown, fireman, and Harry Wilson, engineer, were standing in front of the fire doors, and the flames burned Brown badly in the face and Wilson on the left arm, from shoulder to wrist. Brown may be injured internally.

### Mysterious Murder of a Child.

NEBRASKA CITY, NEB., April 30 .- At 5 'clock last evening Della Shellenberger, eleven-year-old girl, was told to scrub a flight of stairs leading to a cellar. Ten minutes afterward her father found the girl lying at the foot of the steps with her throat cut from ear to ear, and a bloody carving-knife lying beside her. It was a murder, as is proved by the character of the wound, but there is no clew by which the mystery can be solved.

### Frightful Double Accident.

BRIDGEPORT. CONN., April 30 .- At 7 o'clock this morning the first passenger train from New York struck and killed August Wachalowski, aged fifty-eight years, and his daughter Mary, twenty years, at the War-ren avenue crossing of the Consolidated road. Two horses which the unlucky man was driving were also killed.

### Triumphal Tour of Davis.

ATLANTA, GA., April 30 .- Jefferson Davis was conveyed from Montgomery to Atlanta | too great to summarize. They occurred in to-day in great state and pomp. The special train was profusely decorated with flags, ribbons and flowers, the Confederate colors being conspicuously displayed. At various points along the line there were great shows of military, cannon, flags and blossoms. Mr. Davis briefly addressed the cheering crowds, followed in each instance hand, throw out precincts which are inches the four Democratic candidates were elected by majorities ranging from 100 to assist to-morrow in unveiling the monument to Senator Ben Hill. Sunday he will ment to Senator Ben Hill. Sunday he will curing what they ask.

#### THE HILL STATUE.

A Great Day for the People of Georgia-The Northern Soldier Kindly Spoken of, and Grant and Lincoln Eulogized.

ATLANTA, GA., May 1.-The unveiling of the Hill monument to-day drew thousands of strangers to Atlanta. The city is brilliant with decorations, especially along the line over which the procession passed. Dr. Spalding presented the statue to Governor McDaniel for the people of Georgia. He alluded touchingly to Senator Hill, and when the cloth which covered the statue was raised, revealing the familiar form and features, a great shout arose from the multitude. Mr. shout arose from the multitude. Mr. Davis received a great ovation, people fairly swarming about him. After the oration, which was delivered by Hon. J. C. C. Black, Mr. Davis returned to the residence of Mrs. Hill, and will remain there until to-morrow, when he will start for Savannah to attend the Centennial. Every incident of the day, showing a fond memory for the old war associations and an asory for the old war associations and an as-sertion of rectitude in every thing that was done, developed nothing hostile, either to the Union or the people of the North. Federal soldiers were spoken of in the most respectful terms. Lincoln of in the most respectful terms. Lincoln and Grant were repeatedly eulogized in the personal presence of Mr. Davis, and nothing but kindly feeling was expressed. The negroes were fully as enthusiastic as the whites, and mixed up with them and crowded for places with the whites. Mr. Davis and his daughter, Miss Minnie, were last night, and will be again to-night, the recipients of all manner of social attentions.

#### A PITCHED BATTLE

Follows an Attempt to Make Grand Rapids Workmen Stop Work.

GRAND RAPIDS, MICH., May 2 .- Yesterday about 100 men, who wanted every one to observe a holiday and work only eight hours a da, bereafter, marched from place to place, making their demands known and receiving recruits as they marched along. Some carried bock beer banners. On arriving at Fuller & Rice's mill, outside the city limits. they started to interfere with the workmen. One leader of the parwith the workmen. One leader of the party drew a revolver and ordered every one to stop work. There being hesitation at this demand the procession soon made a break in a body, driving all hands from the mill. Quickly they were met by clubs in the hands of the mill workmen. This changed the aspect of affairs, and the mob took refuge behind some freight cars and renewed the battle with stones. At this point the proprietors attempted to make the men withdraw, but they refused, and a pitched battle resulted. During the melee one man was hit in the abdomen with a large stone and another was seriously injured. A perfect hail of stones was showjured. A perfect hail of stones was show-ered upon the mill workmen by the mob. The police and sheriff's force were called out and quiet restored. The employes profess to be entirely satisfied, and say had no desire to strike.

Public Debt Statement. WASHINGTON, D. C., April'I.-The following is a recapitulation of the debt statement issued to-day for the month of April: Interest-bearing debt— Bonds at 4½ per cent...... \$ 250,000,000,00

Bonds at 4 per cent... Bonds at 3 per cent... Refunding certificates at 4 per c Navy Pension Fund at 3 per ct.. Pacific R. R. bonds at 6 per ct.. 14,000,000 00 \$1,230,365,762 00

\$1,239,645,459 00

Debt on which interest has ceased since maturity— .\$ 6,063,649 00

Debt bearing no interest-Gold dem'd & legal-tender notes Certificates of deposit Gold cert ficates Silver certificates Frac'al currency, less \$8,375,994 846,738,521 00 11,515,000 00 84,715,225 00 90,733,141 00 6,954,557 00 estimated lost or destroged

\$ 549,656,717 00 \$1,786,365,552 00

Total Less cash items available for reduction of the debt. Less reserve held for redemption of United States notes.... 202,307,706 00 100,000,000 00

\$1,484,057,847 00 \$1,484,057,847 00 77,030,999 00 Debt, less cash in Treasury.

May 1, 1886 ... \$1,407,026,848 00

Debt less cash in Treasury

April 1, 1886... \$1,417,992,235 00

Decrease of debt during the \$10,965,387 00

Decrease of debt during the month.

Cash in Treasury available for reduction of the debt—
Gold held for gold certificates actually outstanding.

Silver held for silver certificates actually outstanding.
United States notes held for certificates of deposit actually outstanding.

Cash held for matured debt and interest unpaid. \$84,715,225 00 11,315,000 00

and interest unpaid... Fractional currency... Total available for reduction of the debt.....\$ 202,307,706 00

Reserve fund—
Held for redemption of United
States notes, acts of January
14, 1875, July 12, 1882. \$100,000,000 00
Unavailable for reduction of Fractional silver coin..... Minor coin.....

Certificates held as cash .... Net cash balance on hand ..... 77,030,999 00 Total cash in Treasury as shown by Treasurer's gen-eral account \$ 492,462,510 00 Want of Broth rly Unity.

MILWAUKEE, WIS., May 2-A special to the Sentinel from Green Bay announces a fatal quarrei between three brothers named DeLarde, near that city. An alternamed DeLarde, near that city. An alter-cation over property interests led to a battle among the brothers, during which one was pounded to death with a heavy chair and another probably fatally stabbed

# The Eigh -Hour Day.

CHICAGO. May 2.- The number of individual strikes in the country yesterday is varied industries in all the large cities, with occasional movements of a similar nature in smaller towns. The most general and serious inauguration of the demand for shorter bours and increased pay occurred in this city, where practically all manufacturing and producing concerns